

Aurukun Shire Council

Local Law No. 4 (Indigenous Community Land Management) 2021

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Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This model local law may be cited as Local Law No. 4 (Indigenous Community Land Management) 2021.

2 Purpose and how it is to be achieved

- (1) The purpose of this local law is to—
 - (a) protect the health and safety of persons using local government controlled land, facilities, infrastructure and roads; and
 - (b) preserve features of the natural and built environment and other aspects of the amenity of local government controlled land, facilities, infrastructure and roads.
- (2) The purpose is to be achieved by providing for—
 - (a) the regulation of access to local government controlled areas; and
 - (b) the designation and regulation of the use of parks and reserves within the local government's area; and
 - (c) the designation and management of camping sites within the local government's area; and
 - (d) the prohibition or restriction of particular activities on local government controlled areas or roads; and
 - (e) miscellaneous matters affecting roads.

3 Definitions—the dictionary

The dictionary in the schedule defines particular words used in this local law.

4 Relationship with other laws¹

This local law is—

- (a) in addition to, and does not derogate from other laws about Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander interests in land; and
- (b) in addition to, and does not derogate from laws² regulating the use of trust land and roads; and
- (c) to be read with Local Law No. 1 (Administration) 2021

¹ This local law and any subordinate local law made under it do not apply to the extent of any inconsistency with a law of the State or the Commonwealth. See the Act, section 27.

² Other legislation that may be relevant in the application of this local law includes the *Land Act 1994*, the *Land Regulation 1995* and the *Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002*.

Part 2 Camping sites

5 Designation of camping sites

The local government may, by resolution, designate a part of the local government's area for the purposes of camping (a *camping site*).

6 Approval required for camping

- (1) For the purposes of *Local Law No.1 (Administration) 2021* section 5(b), it is a prescribed activity to camp within a camping site.³
- (2) In this section—

camp see the Recreation Areas Management Act 2006, schedule.

7 Conditions on use of camping site

- (1) The local government may, by subordinate local law, prescribe conditions regarding the use of a camping site, which may have regard to the traditional and cultural land uses of the residents of the local government's area or persons who have a particular connection with the camping site under Aboriginal tradition or Island custom.
- (2) A person must not breach a condition prescribed under subsection (1) regarding the use of a camping site.

Maximum penalty for subsection (2)—20 penalty units.

8 Fee for camping approval

Prescribed fees fixed by the local government for approvals under section 5 may differ for residents and non-residents of the local government's area.⁴

9 Temporary closures

- (1) An authorised person may temporarily close the whole, or part, of a camping site—
 - (a) if the authorised person reasonably believes that there is a likelihood of flooding, fire, other danger or emergency that may pose a risk to a person camping at the site; or
 - (b) if such closure is necessary for the observance of a traditional or cultural practice; or
 - (c) if such closure is necessary for maintenance or other work to be carried out; or
 - (d) if such closure is necessary for the rehabilitation of the place or site; or
 - (e) if such closure is necessary to conserve or protect the cultural or natural resources of the area or native wildlife.

³ Local Law No.1 (Administration) 2021, section 6, creates an offence for a person to undertake a prescribed activity without a current approval granted by the local government. Section 7 requires that the approval be obtained under part 2 of that local law.

⁴ See the Act, section 97, regarding the local government's power to fix cost-recovery fees.

(2) A person must not camp in a camping site, or a part of a camping site, that is closed.

Maximum penalty for subsection (2)—20 penalty units.

Part 3 Parks and reserves

10 Application to Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander land

A subordinate local law under this part may be made in relation to a place that is Aboriginal land or Torres Strait Islander land only with the written consent of the grantee.

11 Designation of parks and reserves

- (1) The local government may, by subordinate local law, designate land under the local government's control as a *park*.
- (2) The local government may, by subordinate local law, designate land under the local government's control as a *reserve*.
- (3) Land should be designated as a park (rather than as a reserve) if it is to be used predominantly for public recreation.

12 Prohibited and restricted activities

- (1) The local government may, by subordinate local law, declare an activity to be—
 - (a) prohibited in a local government controlled area or road (a *prohibited activity*); or
 - (b) restricted in a local government controlled area or road (a restricted activity).

Example for paragraph (a)—

The local government may declare that the lighting of fires is a prohibited activity in all local government controlled areas, in a particular local government controlled area or in a part of a local government controlled area.

Example for paragraph (b)-

The local government may declare that the playing of sport generally, or the playing of certain sports, is a restricted activity in that it is restricted to particular times of the day, week, month or year in all local government controlled areas, in a particular local government controlled area or in a part of a local government controlled area.

- (2) The local government must take reasonable steps to provide notice to members of the public regarding restricted activities declared for local government controlled areas or roads.
- (3) In this section—

reasonable steps may include the display of a notice at a prominent place within each local government controlled area for which a declaration under subsection (1)(b) has been made, stating—

(a) if the declaration relates to the whole area—the restricted activities for the

area; and

- (b) if the declaration relates to a part of the area—the restricted activities and a description of the part of the area to which the declaration applies; and in general terms, the provisions of subsection (4).
- (4) A person must not engage in a prohibited activity or a restricted activity.

Maximum penalty— 20 penalty units

13 Motor vehicle access to parks and reserves

- (1) A motor vehicle access area is an area within a park or reserve that is—
 - (a) a car park or roadway for which there is no sign or traffic control device indicating that vehicles owned by members of the public are excluded; or
 - (b) declared under a subordinate local law for this paragraph as a motor vehicle access area.
- (2) For the purposes of *Local Law No.1 (Administration) 2021* section 5(b), it is a prescribed activity to bring a motor vehicle onto or drive a motor vehicle on any part of a park or reserve that is not a motor vehicle access area.
- (3) The local government may, by subordinate local law, declare a specific type of motor vehicle (a *prohibited vehicle*) as prohibited in a specified motor vehicle access area.
- (4) For the purposes of *Local Law No.1 (Administration) 2021* section 5(b), it is a prescribed activity⁵ to bring a prohibited vehicle onto or drive a prohibited vehicle on the specified motor vehicle access area.
- (5) However, subsections (2) and (4) do not apply for an emergency vehicle.
- (6) The local government must take reasonable steps to provide notice to members of the public regarding—
 - (a) declarations of motor vehicle access areas under subsection (1)(b); and
 - (b) declarations of prohibited vehicles under subsection (3).
- (7) In this section—

emergency vehicle includes the following—

- (a) an ambulance;
- (b) a fire-engine;
- (c) a police vehicle;
- (d) another vehicle, including a tow truck, helicopter or mobile crane, if used in circumstances of an emergency.

reasonable steps include, as a minimum, the display of a notice at a prominent place within each declared motor vehicle access area, stating—

- (a) a description of the declared motor vehicle access area; and
- (b) a description of prohibited vehicles for the area; and
- (c) in general terms, the provisions of subsections (2) and (4).

⁵ See section 12(1)(b) and section 13.

Part 4 Miscellaneous

14 Approval to be produced on request

- (1) Where an authorised person reasonably believes that a person present in the local government's area is a person who is camping at a camping site⁶ or conducting an activity⁷, the authorised person may request the person to produce the relevant approval for inspection.
- (2) A person must comply with a request under subsection (1).

 Maximum penalty for subsection (2)—40 penalty units.

15 Subordinate local laws

The local government may make subordinate local laws about—

- (a) conditions regarding the use of a camping site;⁸ and
- (b) designating land as a park; 9 and
- (c) designating land as a reserve; 10 and
- (d) declaration of prohibited activities or restricted activities;¹¹ and
- (e) declaration of prohibited or restricted activities for a park or reserve; 12 and
- (f) declaration of motor vehicle access areas; 13 and
- (g) declaration of prohibited vehicles.¹⁴

⁶ See section 6.

⁷ See section 12(1).

⁸ See section 7.

⁹ See section 11(1).

¹⁰ See section 11(2).

¹¹ See section 12.

¹² See section 12(1).

¹³ See section 13(1)(b).

¹⁴ See section 13(3).

Schedule Dictionary

Section 3

Aboriginal land see the Aboriginal Land Act 1991, section 10.

authorised person see Local Law No.1 (Administration) 2021 schedule 1.

camping site see section 5.

local government means the Aurukun Shire Council.

Local government's area means a part of the local government's area that is:

- (a) granted in trust under the *Land Act 1994* for the benefit of the Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander inhabitants or for Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander purposes; or
- (b) a reserve for Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander purposes under the Land Act 1994; or
- (c) land mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) that has become Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander land.

park includes part of a park.

prescribed fee see Local Law No.1 (Administration) 2021 schedule 1.

reserve includes part of a reserve.

resident means a member of the community residing in the local government's area.

Torres Strait Islander land see the Torres Strait Islander Land Act 1991, section 9.

the Act means the Local Government Act 2009.